### Children's Palliative Home Care Service



Molin Lin Professional Services Manager

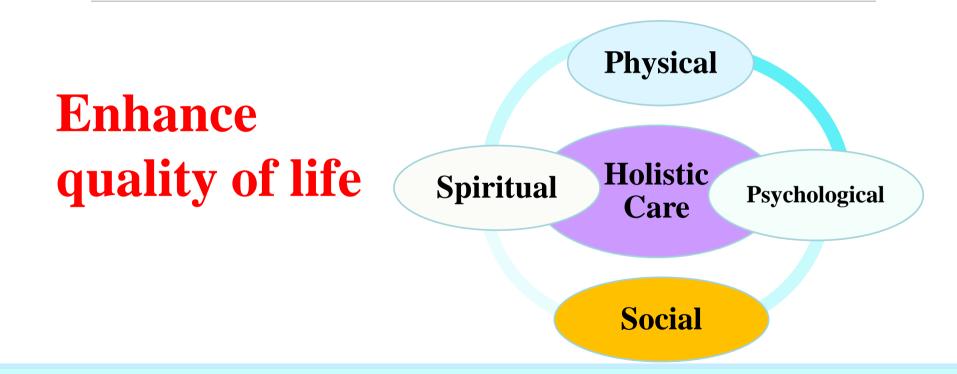
### **Aim of Palliative Home Care Service**

To provide specialized palliative care for children with life-threatening and life-limiting disease in their homes and community

### **Aim of Palliative Home Care service**



### **Aim of Palliative Home Care Service**



### Children's Palliative Care Service is



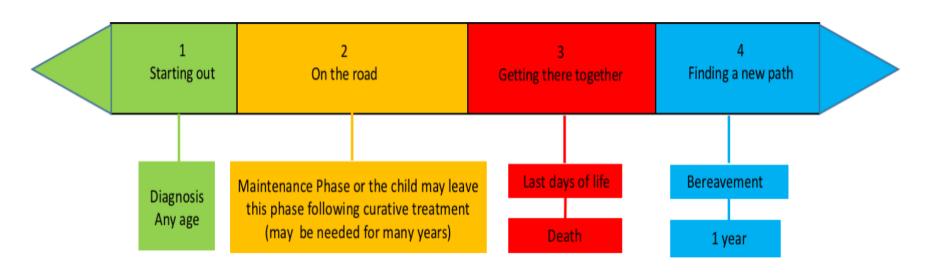
Child-centred



Family-centred

### WHEN TO START?

### Patient journey

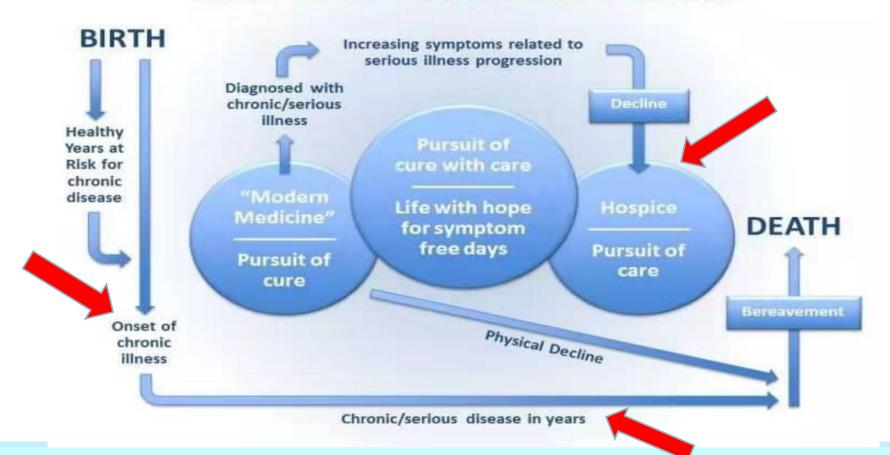


# Time for palliative care

- Not only during last stage of disease
- Should start as soon as someone is diagnosed with life limiting illness
- Can be given at any setting such as home, community, hospital

It differs from hospice

#### **SCOPE OF PALLIATIVE CARE**



## **Scope of Palliative Home Care service**

# Discharge plan

- > During admission
- Family meeting: parents, carers, school workers
- > Multi-disciplinary approach
- >Flexible plan
- Continuous assessment, discussion and evaluation

# Plan for discharge I

Assess the physical needs of the child

e.g. nutritional requirements,

line care, turning,

mouth care, skin care,

bathing,

distressing symptom management

# Plan for discharge II

# Assess the home environment and the equipment needs to support home care

e.g. Commode chair, wheelchair, sitting cushion oxygen concentrator, suction machine,
Hospital bed, air mattress
PCA machine, oximeter
cardiac monitor

# Plan for discharge III

Assess the psychosocial needs of the child and his/her family

- understand parents' fears and worries
- e.g. What will happen at home?

How can I care for my child at home?

What should I do to make him comfort?

What should I do in emergency?

# Plan for discharge IV

Explore the feelings of the child

To help the relatives to accept the child's needs and right to maintain the maximum possible degree of independence

# Plan for discharge V

#### Clear explanation and advice

Care at home, equipment needed, management during emergency, signs and symptoms, disease progress and prognosis

#### **Carer training**

Use, cleaning, maintenance of equipment Skills training and return demonstration

# Plan for discharge VI

**♥** Communication channel

Follow up by Primary team & PPC team, other specialists 24-hour on call, case conference

- **♥** Step by step & Try home leave
  - From hours to days to weeks | long term discharge
  - May need escort to increase parents' confidence

### Home care support

- Symptom assessment
- e.g. Pain rating Scales
  Visual Analog Scales
- Symptom management
  Common symptoms occur in terminal stage such as pain, fatigue, dyspnoea, nausea and vomiting, constipation, insomnia, anorexia, bleeding, infection
- Medication administration orally, intravenous, transdermal, PCA, rectally
- Observation of the effect and side effects of the medication

### Home care support

- Daily care advice
- Perform nursing procedure at home
- Skills training and return demonstration
- Equipment search and usage, maintainence
- Monitor the disease progress
- Psychosocial support to patient and family members
- 24/7/365

## Psychological support for family

Good symptom management

Inform disease progress

Adequate explanation and guidance

Listen & answer

Always available

### Preparation for die at home I

#### IF THIS IS THE WISH OF PATIENT AND FAMILY

- ✓ Explore the wish of patient and his/her family members
- ✓ Assess the acceptance of family members including grandparents and siblings
- ✓ Assess the home environment
- ✓ Discuss with the doctor about the arrangement after the death of the child

### Preparation for die at home II

#### It requires:

- More than one capable carers who can cope with serious illness and take turn to take care of the patient
- Home care nurses who can provide 24-hour support and can visit when needed
- An attentive doctor to be communicated
- A capability by the caring team to respond quickly to new problems
- A guarantee of rapid inpatient admission in the event of major crisis

### Preparation for die at home III

- Explore the concerns of patient and family memberse.g. funeral arrangement
- > Advise the family to call home care nurses if they have queries
- Continuous assessment of family wish
- Care of other family members such as siblings
- Keep the attending doctor informed of the child's condition

### Preparation for die at home IV

Explain the procedures after the death of child

e.g. What should they do first?

What can they do for the dead body?

Where will the dead body go?

When to call the ambulance?

How to call the ambulance?

### Preparation for die at home V

Educate the parents/main carer

e.g. What the common signs and symptom occur at the terminal stage?

How to know that the patient is in dying process?

What can they do at this stage?

# Search equipment











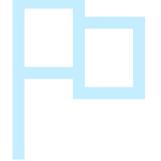






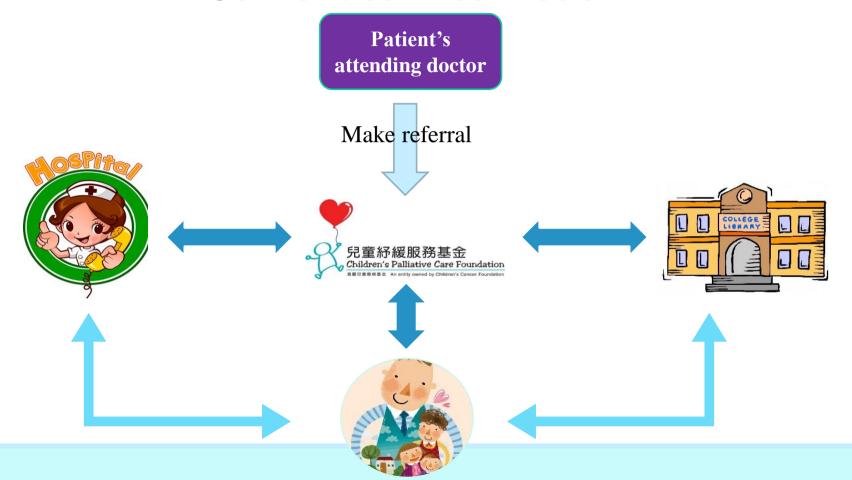






# Community

#### **Current service model**









### 兒童紓緩服務基金 Children's Palliative Care Foundation

直屬兒童癌病基金 An entity owned by Children's Cancer Foundation